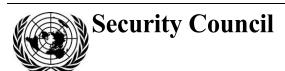
United Nations S/2019/736



Distr.: General 12 September 2019

Original: English

Letter dated 10 September 2019 from the Chair of the Security Council Committee pursuant to resolutions 1267 (1999), 1989 (2011) and 2253 (2015) concerning Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (Da'esh), Al-Qaida and associated individuals, groups, undertakings and entities addressed to the President of the Security Council

I have the honour to transmit herewith a document of the Security Council Committee pursuant to resolutions 1267 (1999), 1989 (2011) and 2253 (2015) concerning Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (Da'esh), Al-Qaida and associated individuals, groups, undertakings and entities, presenting its position on the recommendations contained in the twenty-fourth report of the Analytical Support and Sanctions Monitoring Team established pursuant to resolution 1526 (2004) (S/2019/570), which was submitted to the Committee in accordance with paragraph (a) of annex I to resolution 2368 (2017).

I would be grateful if the present letter and the position paper could be brought to the attention of the members of the Security Council and issued as a document of the Council.

(Signed) Dian Triansyah Djani

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Security Council Committee pursuant to resolutions 1267 (1999), 1989 (2011) and 2253 (2015) concerning Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (Da'esh), Al-Qaida and associated individuals, groups, undertakings and entities





Recommendations of the Analytical Support and Sanctions Monitoring Team contained in its twenty-fourth report

- 1. On 27 June 2019, the twenty-fourth report of the Analytical Support and Sanctions Monitoring Team (S/2019/570) was submitted to the Committee pursuant to paragraph (a) of annex I to Security Council resolution 2368 (2017). A table of recommendations based on the report was also circulated to the Committee on 2 July 2019, and the Committee deliberated on the recommendations in informal consultations on 12 July 2019. The Committee would like to express its gratitude to the Monitoring Team for the exemplary work undertaken in the fulfilment of its mandate.
- 2. Since December 2005, when it established the practice, the Committee has responded to each of the reports submitted to it by the Monitoring Team and has brought to the attention of the Security Council and the public the Committee's position on the recommendations contained in those reports.

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Position of the Committee on the recommendations contained in the twenty-fourth report of the Analytical Support and Sanctions Monitoring Team

Recommendation Position of the Committee

Impact assessment of Security Council resolution 2347 (2017)

- 1 The Monitoring Team recommends that the Committee write to Member States to encourage those that have not yet done so to establish, with the assistance of the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL), specialized police units dedicated to the protection of cultural heritage and investigations into cases of trafficking in cultural property. The Monitoring Team further recommends, in this context, the establishment of a national stolen works of art database directly connected to the corresponding INTERPOL database. In addition, the Monitoring Team recommends that the Committee write to Member States encouraging them to fund and support training workshops by INTERPOL on fighting the illicit trafficking in cultural property in key areas of the world.
- 2 The Monitoring Team recommends that the Committee write to Member States encouraging them to raise awareness among the relevant judicial and law enforcement agencies of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) training course regarding the illicit trafficking in cultural property, which is available at the UNESCO website.

Asset freeze

3 The Monitoring Team recommends that the Committee write to Member States to recall the request set out in paragraph 11 of resolution 2462 (2019) to make public their assets freezing actions under the relevant resolutions and to share such information with the Monitoring Team.

The Chair, on behalf of the Committee, will write to Member States to encourage those that have not yet done so to establish, with the assistance of INTERPOL and other Member States, as appropriate, specialized police units dedicated to the protection of cultural heritage and investigations into cases of trafficking in cultural property. In this context, Member States are also encouraged to establish a national stolen works of art database that is directly connected to the corresponding INTERPOL database and is interoperable with the INTERPOL database. In addition, the Chair, on behalf of the Committee, will write to Member States encouraging them to voluntarily fund and support training workshops by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime on fighting the illicit trafficking in cultural property in key areas of the world.

The Chair, on behalf of the Committee, will write to Member States encouraging them to raise awareness among the relevant judicial and law enforcement agencies of the UNESCO training course regarding the illicit trafficking in cultural property, which is available at the UNESCO website.

The Chair, on behalf of the Committee, will write to Member States to recall the request set out in paragraph 11 of resolution 2462 (2019) to make public their assets freezing actions under the relevant resolutions and to share such information with the Committee, including further consideration by the Monitoring Team.

Arms embargo

- 4 The Monitoring Team recommends that the Committee write to Member States about the potential risk from chemical terrorist attacks, and will encourage Member States which have not done so to develop response capacities to such attacks by improving their chemical scene management, investigation and mitigation capabilities, including through international sharing of good practices and engagement with the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW) and INTERPOL training courses designed to address these gaps.
- 5 The Monitoring Team recommends that the Committee write to Member States to highlight the terrorist threat associated with dark web markets and vendors, and to encourage Member States that have not done so to establish specialized law enforcement units to detect and investigate dark web crimes, and to establish national contact points through which data can be shared and collated among Member States.

The Chair, on behalf of the Committee, will write to Member States about the potential risk from chemical terrorist attacks, and will encourage Member States which have not done so to prevent and to develop response capacities to such attacks, by improving their chemical incident scene management, investigation and mitigation capabilities, including through international sharing of national practices and engagement with OPCW and INTERPOL training courses designed to address these gaps and to intensify efforts at the international level to combat the threat emanating from the above-mentioned chemical terrorist attacks.

The Chair, on behalf of the Committee, will write to Member States to highlight the terrorist threat associated with dark web markets and vendors, and to encourage Member States that have not done so to establish specialized law enforcement units to detect and investigate cybercrime, including crimes committed on the dark web, and to establish national contact points through which data can be shared and collated among Member States.