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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

Note verbale dated 25 May 2017 from the Permanent Mission of Indonesia to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Indonesia to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) and has the honour to submit the national report of Indonesia, under paragraph 36 of resolution 2321 (2016) and paragraph 40 of resolution 2270 (2016), on concrete steps taken by Indonesia to effectively implement the provisions of various resolutions related to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (see annex).





Annex to the note verbale dated 25 May 2017 from the Permanent Mission of Indonesia to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Report of Indonesia on the implementation of Security Council resolutions 2270 (2016) and 2321 (2016)

1. The Government of Indonesia has taken note of the adoption of Security Council resolutions 2270 (2016) and 2321 (2016) on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and is committed to facilitating the implementation of the two resolutions and other relevant resolutions.

2. Following the adoption of resolutions 2270 (2016) and 2321 (2016) by the Security Council, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs circulated notification letters dated 29 April 2016 (for resolution 2270 (2016)) and 28 December 2016 (for resolution 2321 (2016)) to relevant ministries and agencies.

3. The Government of Indonesia has also convened a series of inter-ministerial and agency consultations to disseminate and take stock of obligations derived from the resolutions. The meetings also reviewed a number of relevant regulations in place and highlighted possible legislative and administrative measures that needed to be taken to fulfil relevant provisions of the resolutions.

4. Prior to the adoption of resolutions 2270 (2016) and 2321 (2016), Indonesia had enacted a number of regulations that can be utilized to implement the resolutions, namely:

(a) Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 14/27/PBI/2012 on the implementation of an anti-money laundering programme and the prevention of terrorist financing, including from high-risk countries;

(b) Indonesian Financial Intelligence Unit Regulation No. PER-04/1.02/ PPATK/03/2014 on the identification of suspicious financial transactions by financial service providers;

(c) Indonesian Financial Intelligence Unit Regulation No. PER-02/1.02/ PPATK/02/2015 on the categorization of financial users who are potentially involved in money laundering, including from high-risk countries.

5. Moreover, the enactment of a joint regulation on the implementation of targeted financial sanctions related to the financing of the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction has provided more policy and procedural options for relevant agencies to facilitate the implementation of the two resolutions. Currently, the Government of Indonesia is also preparing a bill on nuclear security that will cover measures taken by the Government on nuclear security and non-proliferation issues.

6. In addition to the above-mentioned legal framework and measures, the Government of Indonesia has publicly expressed its deep concern over the series of nuclear tests carried out by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in violation of Security Council resolutions. The Government also has continuously called for all parties to respect and adhere to all related Security Council resolutions, to exercise self-restraint and to place diplomacy and dialogue at the forefront in creating conditions conducive to peace, stability and development in the region.