



## Security Council

Distr.: General  
22 March 2018

Original: English

---

### Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution [1718 \(2006\)](#)

#### **Note verbale dated 21 March 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Liechtenstein to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee**

The Permanent Mission of the Principality of Liechtenstein to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution [1718 \(2006\)](#) concerning the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and has the honour to refer to Security Council resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#), adopted on 22 December 2017, in which the Council called upon all States to report on the implementation of those resolutions.

Further to its note verbale dated 1 November 2017 ([S/AC.49/2017/106](#)), sent in response to resolutions [2371 \(2017\)](#) and [2375 \(2017\)](#), the asset freezes pursuant to resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#) are subject to direct enforcement by the Government Ordinance on Measures concerning the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (Liechtenstein Legal Gazette 2016, No. 196), as the United Nations sanctions lists are automatically applied in Liechtenstein.

Implementation is smooth and does not currently pose any particular difficulty. The Government of Liechtenstein is fully committed to maintaining the high level of implementation and to keeping the measures taken under review, as necessary.

By virtue of the Customs Union Treaty of 1923, which entered into force on 1 January 1924, Liechtenstein is part of the Swiss customs territory. With regard to the trade in goods, Switzerland and Liechtenstein form a single market. Like all traded goods, those regulated by international sanctions are subject to the Customs Union Treaty. All the relevant Swiss legislation in this area is therefore also applicable to Liechtenstein, as far as the import, export and transit of such goods are concerned. Enforcement (authorization procedures, control and sanctions on infringements) is also within the exclusive competence of the Swiss authorities.

