



## Security Council

Distr.: General  
22 March 2018

Original: English

---

### Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution [1718 \(2006\)](#)

#### **Note verbale dated 21 March 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Greece to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee**

The Permanent Mission of Greece to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution [1718 \(2006\)](#), and has the honour to transmit herewith information on the national measures taken with a view to implementing the provisions of Security Council resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#) (see annex).



**Annex to the note verbale dated 21 March 2018 from the  
Permanent Mission of Greece to the United Nations addressed to  
the Chair of the Committee**

**Report of Greece on the implementation of Security Council  
resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#)**

Greece and the other States members of the European Union have jointly implemented the restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea imposed by the Security Council in its resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#) by adopting the following common measures:<sup>1</sup>

**Common measures**

(a) Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2018/16 of 8 January 2018 implementing Decision (CFSP) 2016/849 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which implements the designation of additional persons and one additional entity under the travel ban and/or asset freeze;

(b) Council Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/12 of 8 January 2018 implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which gives effect to the measures set out in Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2018/16;

(c) Council Decision (CFSP) 2018/293 of 26 February 2018 amending Decision (CFSP) 2016/849 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which sets out the commitment of the European Union to implementing Security Council resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#) by imposing the following measures:

- The European Union had already introduced a full prohibition on the export of crude oil in Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1860 of 16 October 2017, with the possibility of exemptions for exports for humanitarian purposes if approved in advance, on a case-by-case basis, by the Committee. In Decision (CFSP) 2018/293, it is further specified that the prohibition applies to the direct or indirect supply of all crude oil to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, whether or not originating in the territories of the member States, including by means of pipelines, rail lines or vehicles;
- The European Union had already introduced a full prohibition on the export of all refined petroleum products in Decision (CFSP) 2017/1860, which included a provision that the export of refined petroleum products could be authorized by the competent authority of a member State for humanitarian purposes under the conditions mentioned in paragraph 14 of resolution [2375 \(2017\)](#). In Council Decision (CFSP) 2018/293 it is now further specified that the amount of refined petroleum products authorized for export cannot exceed 500,000 barrels per year and that the means of export include pipelines, rail lines and vehicles;
- Prohibition on importing food and agricultural products, machinery, electrical equipment, earth and stone (including magnesite and magnesia), wood and vessels;
- Prohibition on the acquisition of fishing rights from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;

---

<sup>1</sup> All common measures are published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

- Prohibition on exporting all industrial machinery, transportation vehicles, iron, steel, and other metals, unless it has been determined by a member State that the provision of spare parts is needed to maintain the safe operation of passenger aircraft of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;
- Obligation to repatriate to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea immediately, and no later than 21 December 2019, all nationals of that country who are earning income in the jurisdiction of a member State and all government safety oversight attachés of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea monitoring its workers abroad, unless certain exceptions apply, subject to applicable national and international law;
- Obligation for member States to seize, inspect and impound any vessel in their ports and the power to seize, inspect and impound any vessel subject to their jurisdiction in their territorial waters where there are reasonable grounds to believe that the vessel has been involved in activities, or in the transport of items, prohibited by the Security Council in its various resolutions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Under certain conditions the provisions for the impounding of vessels shall cease to apply;
- Obligation to cooperate as promptly as possible with another State which has information that leads it to suspect that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is attempting to export illicit cargo and where that other State requests additional maritime and shipping information;
- Prohibition on providing insurance or reinsurance services to vessels identified as being involved in activities, or in the transport of items, prohibited by the Security Council in its various resolutions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, unless the Committee has determined, on a case-by-case basis, that the vessel is engaged in activities only for livelihood or humanitarian purposes;
- Obligation to deregister any vessel where there are reasonable grounds to believe that the vessel has been involved in activities, or in the transport of items, prohibited by the Security Council in its various resolutions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;
- Prohibition on providing classification services to vessels identified as being involved in activities, or in the transport of items, prohibited by the Security Council in its various resolutions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, unless approved in advance by the Committee, on a case-by-case basis;
- Prohibition on registering any vessel that has been deregistered by another State unless approved by the Committee in advance, on a case-by-case basis;
- The prohibition on exporting new or used vessels had already been introduced in Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/345;
- Obligation to seize and dispose of items the export of which is prohibited under resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#);
- Prohibition on satisfying any claim in connection with any contract or transaction the performance of which has been affected by the measures provided for in resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#);

(d) Council Regulation (EU) 2018/285 of 26 February 2018 amending Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which gives effect to the measures set out in Decision (CFSP) 2018/293.

The above-mentioned Council Regulations are binding in their entirety and directly applicable in all States members of the European Union. Under Council

Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 of 30 August 2017 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and repealing Regulation (EC) No. 329/2007, member States are required to determine the penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of the Regulations.

Furthermore, Greece has informed all pertinent Greek authorities, including the Bank of Greece, the Anti-Money-Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Authority, the Ministry of Economy and Development/Directorate for Trade Coordination and Trade Regimes, the Greek customs authorities, the Greek coast guard authorities, through the Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Insular Policy, and the Hellenic Chamber of Shipping, as well as the Union of Greek Shipowners of the implementation of the provisions of resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#).

---