

**Conseil de sécurité**

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**Lettre datée du 27 mai 2021, adressée au Président du Conseil de sécurité par le Secrétaire général**

J'ai l'honneur de vous faire tenir ci-joint le quatre-vingt-douzième rapport mensuel du Directeur général de l'Organisation pour l'interdiction des armes chimiques (OIAC), présenté en application du paragraphe 12 de la résolution [2118 \(2013\)](#) du Conseil de sécurité (voir annexe).

Le rapport, qui présente les activités menées par l'OIAC en application de la résolution [2118 \(2013\)](#) du Conseil de sécurité et des dispositions pertinentes des décisions du Conseil exécutif de l'OIAC ayant trait à l'élimination du programme d'armes chimiques syrien, couvre la période allant du 24 avril au 23 mai 2021.

Comme je l'ai déjà déclaré, l'emploi d'armes chimiques, quels qu'en soient le lieu, l'auteur ou les circonstances, est un acte intolérable dont l'impunité est tout aussi inacceptable. Aussi faut-il impérativement identifier tous ceux qui s'en sont rendus coupables et les amener à en répondre. Il est essentiel que le Conseil de sécurité soit uni pour s'acquitter d'urgence de cette obligation.

(Signé) António Guterres



## Annexe

[Original : anglais, arabe, chinois, espagnol, français et russe]

J'ai l'honneur de vous faire tenir ci-joint, pour transmission au Conseil de sécurité, mon rapport intitulé « Progrès accomplis dans l'élimination du programme d'armes chimiques syrien », établi conformément aux dispositions pertinentes de la décision EC-M-33/DEC.1 du Conseil exécutif de l'Organisation pour l'interdiction des armes chimiques et de la résolution [2118 \(2013\)](#) du Conseil de sécurité de l'ONU, toutes deux du 27 septembre 2013 (voir pièce jointe). Mon rapport couvre la période du 24 avril 2021 au 23 mai 2021 et répond également aux exigences en matière de rapport imposées par la décision EC-M-34/DEC.1 du Conseil exécutif du 15 novembre 2013.

(*Signé*) Fernando **Arias**

## Pièce jointe

[Original : anglais, arabe, chinois, espagnol, français et russe]

### **Rapport du Directeur général de l'Organisation pour l'interdiction des armes chimiques**

#### **Progrès accomplis dans l'élimination du programme d'armes chimiques syrien**

1. In accordance with subparagraph 2(f) of the decision by the Executive Council (hereinafter “the Council”) at its Thirty-Third Meeting (EC-M-33/DEC.1, dated 27 September 2013), the Technical Secretariat (hereinafter “the Secretariat”) is to report to the Council on a monthly basis regarding the implementation of that decision. In accordance with paragraph 12 of United Nations Security Council resolution 2118 (2013), the report by the Secretariat is also to be submitted to the Security Council through the Secretary-General.
2. The Council, at its Thirty-Fourth Meeting, adopted a decision entitled “Detailed Requirements for the Destruction of Syrian Chemical Weapons and Syrian Chemical Weapons Production Facilities” (EC-M-34/DEC.1, dated 15 November 2013). In paragraph 22 of that decision, the Council decided that the Secretariat should report on its implementation “in conjunction with its reporting required by subparagraph 2(f) of Council decision EC-M-33/DEC.1”.
3. The Council, at its Forty-Eighth Meeting, adopted a decision entitled “Reports of the OPCW Fact-Finding Mission in Syria” (EC-M-48/DEC.1, dated 4 February 2015), noting the Director-General’s intent to include reports of the OPCW Fact-Finding Mission in Syria (FFM), along with information on the Council’s discussion thereof, as part of the monthly reporting pursuant to United Nations Security Council resolution [2118 \(2013\)](#). Similarly, the Council, at its Eighty-First Session, adopted a decision entitled “Report by the Director-General Regarding the Declaration and Related Submissions by the Syrian Arab Republic” (EC-81/DEC.4, dated 23 March 2016), noting the Director-General’s intent to provide information on the implementation of that decision.
4. The Council, at its Eighty-Third Session, adopted a decision entitled “OPCW-United Nations Joint Investigative Mechanism Reports on Chemical Weapons Use in the Syrian Arab Republic” (EC-83/DEC.5, dated 11 November 2016). In subparagraph 12(a) of that decision, the Council decided that the Director General shall “regularly inform the Council on the implementation of this decision and incorporate information regarding the implementation of this decision into his monthly reporting to the United Nations Security Council, through the United Nations Secretary-General, regarding EC-M-33/DEC.1”.
5. The Council, at its Ninety-Fourth Session, adopted a decision entitled “Addressing the Possession and Use of Chemical Weapons by the Syrian Arab Republic” (EC-94/DEC.2, dated 9 July 2020). In paragraph 12 of that decision, the Council decided that the Director-General shall “regularly report to the Council on the implementation of this decision and decide[d] also that the Director-General shall provide a copy of this decision and its associated reports by the Secretariat to all States Parties and to the United Nations Security Council and the United Nations General Assembly through the United Nations Secretary-General”.
6. The Conference of the States Parties (hereinafter “the Conference”) at its Twenty-Fifth Session adopted a decision entitled “Addressing the Possession and Use of Chemical Weapons by the Syrian Arab Republic” (C-25/DEC.9, dated 21 April 2021). In paragraph 8 of this decision, the Conference decided that the Director-General shall regularly report to the Council and States Parties on whether the Syrian Arab Republic

has completed all of the measures contained in paragraph 5 of Council decision EC-94/DEC.2.

7. This, the ninety-second monthly report, is therefore submitted in accordance with the aforementioned Council decisions and includes information relevant to the period from 24 April to 23 May 2021.

#### **Impact of the coronavirus disease (COVID-19)**

8. As previously reported, the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the Secretariat's ability to deploy to the Syrian Arab Republic. The Secretariat is maintaining its readiness for deployments, which are being conducted subject to the evolution of the pandemic. The travel restrictions notwithstanding, the Secretariat is continuing its mandated activities related to the Syrian chemical weapons programme and its engagement with the Syrian Arab Republic in this regard.

#### **Progress achieved by the Syrian Arab Republic in meeting the requirements of Executive Council decisions EC-M-33/DEC.1 and EC-M-34/DEC.1**

9. Progress by the Syrian Arab Republic is as follows:

(a) As stated in previous reports, the Secretariat has verified the destruction of all 27 chemical weapons production facilities (CWPFs) declared by the Syrian Arab Republic.

(b) On 18 May 2021, the Syrian Arab Republic submitted to the Council its ninetieth monthly report (EC-97/P/NAT.3, dated 18 May 2021) regarding activities on its territory related to the destruction of its chemical weapons and CWPFs, as required by paragraph 19 of EC-M-34/DEC.1.

#### **Progress in the elimination of Syrian chemical weapons by States Parties hosting destruction activities**

10. As stated in previous reports, all of the chemicals declared by the Syrian Arab Republic that were removed from its territory in 2014 have been destroyed.

#### **Activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to Executive Council decisions EC-81/DEC.4 and EC-83/DEC.5**

11. The Declaration Assessment Team (DAT) continues its efforts to clarify all outstanding issues regarding the initial declaration of the Syrian Arab Republic in accordance with paragraph 3 of Council decision EC-81/DEC.4, paragraph 6 of Council decision EC-83/DEC.5, and paragraph 5 of Council decision EC-94/DEC.2.

12. As reported previously, regarding the issue of a former CWPF that was declared as never having been used to produce and/or weaponise chemical weapons, and in keeping with the remarks made by the Director-General to the Council at its Ninety-Sixth Session, the Secretariat continues to maintain that the Syrian Arab Republic must declare all chemical warfare agents produced and/or weaponised at this site.

13. As also previously reported, the Secretariat informed the Syrian Arab Republic through a note verbale dated 16 April 2021 that a new outstanding issue would be opened and discussed at the next round of consultations with the DAT. The issue pertains to the presence of a neat chemical warfare agent found in September 2020, in samples collected by the DAT from large storage containers.

14. On 30 April 2021, the Director-General informed the Syrian National Authority of the Secretariat's intention to deploy the DAT to the Syrian Arab Republic from 18 May to 1 June 2021 to conduct the next round of consultations. As the Secretariat

did not receive a confirmation within sufficient time to finalise the preparations for this deployment, it informed the Syrian Arab Republic through a note verbale dated 14 May 2021 that the DAT deployment was being re-scheduled to take place from 28 May to 11 June 2021. The Secretariat is still awaiting a response from the Syrian Arab Republic.

15. At this stage, considering the identified gaps, inconsistencies, and discrepancies that remain unresolved, the declaration submitted by the Syrian Arab Republic still cannot be considered accurate and complete in accordance with the Chemical Weapons Convention (hereinafter “the Convention”), Council decision EC-M-33/DEC.1, and United Nations Security Council resolution [2118 \(2013\)](#). The Secretariat will continue to engage with the Syrian National Authority regarding the remaining outstanding issues in its initial declaration and subsequent submissions, and will continue to keep the Council updated regarding progress made in these activities.

16. In accordance with paragraph 10 of Council decision EC-83/DEC.5, the Secretariat is continuing to assess conditions for the conduct of inspections at the sites identified by the OPCW-United Nations Joint Investigative Mechanism in its third and fourth reports. In doing so, the Secretariat is taking into account the evolution of the COVID-19 pandemic.

17. Pursuant to paragraph 11 of Council decision EC-83/DEC.5, the Secretariat conducted the seventh round of inspections of the Barzah and Jamrayah facilities of the Syrian Scientific Studies and Research Centre (SSRC) between 8 and 13 November 2020. The inspections found no substances or activities that are inconsistent with the Syrian Arab Republic’s obligations under the Convention. The conduct of further deployments remains subject to the evolution of the COVID-19 pandemic.

18. With regard to the detection of a Schedule 2.B.04 chemical during the third round of inspections at the Barzah facilities of the SSRC, the Syrian Arab Republic has yet to provide sufficient technical information or explanations that would enable the Secretariat to close this issue.

#### **Other activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to the Syrian Arab Republic**

19. The United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS) continues to provide support to the OPCW Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic in accordance with the Tripartite Agreement concluded between the OPCW, UNOPS, and the Syrian Arab Republic. This agreement facilitates the Secretariat’s mandated activities in the Syrian Arab Republic pertaining to the full elimination of the Syrian chemical weapons programme, and to any subsequent decision or resolution of the relevant organs of the OPCW or the United Nations, as well as any bilateral agreements concluded between the OPCW and the Syrian Arab Republic.

20. As at the cut-off date of this report, one OPCW staff member was deployed as part of the OPCW Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic.

#### **Activities carried out with respect to the OPCW Fact-Finding Mission in Syria**

21. Guided by Council decisions EC-M-48/DEC.1 and EC-M-50/DEC.1 (dated 4 February 2015 and 23 November 2015, respectively), as well as by United Nations Security Council resolution [2209 \(2015\)](#), the FFM continues to study all available information relating to allegations of the use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic.

22. The FFM is continuing its engagement with the Syrian Arab Republic and other States Parties with regard to a variety of incidents and is planning upcoming deployments. The conduct of deployments is subject to the evolution of the COVID-19 pandemic.

**Activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to decision C-SS-4/DEC.3 of the Conference of the States Parties at its Fourth Special Session related to the use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic**

23. Decision C-SS-4/DEC.3 (dated 27 June 2018), adopted by the Conference at its Fourth Special Session, addresses, inter alia, the use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic.

24. Pursuant to paragraph 10 of C-SS-4/DEC.3, the Secretariat established the Investigation and Identification Team (IIT) to identify the perpetrators of the use of chemical weapons in the Syrian Arab Republic by identifying and reporting on all information potentially relevant to the origin of those chemical weapons in those instances in which the FFM determines or has determined that use or likely use occurred, and cases for which the OPCW-United Nations Joint Investigative Mechanism did not issue a report.

25. Following the issuance of its second report on 12 April 2021,<sup>1</sup> the IIT is continuing its investigations and will issue further reports in due course, subject to the evolution of the COVID-19 pandemic.

**Activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to Executive Council decision EC-94/DEC.2**

26. In paragraph 5 of decision EC-94/DEC.2, the Council decided “to request, pursuant to paragraph 36 of Article VIII of the Convention, that the Syrian Arab Republic complete all of the following measures within 90 days of this decision in order to redress the situation:

(a) declare to the Secretariat the facilities where the chemical weapons, including precursors, munitions, and devices, used in the 24, 25, and 30 March 2017 attacks were developed, produced, stockpiled, and operationally stored for delivery;

(b) declare to the Secretariat all of the chemical weapons it currently possesses, including sarin, sarin precursors, and chlorine that is not intended for purposes not prohibited under the Convention, as well as chemical weapons production facilities and other related facilities; and

(c) resolve all of the outstanding issues regarding its initial declaration of its chemical weapons stockpile and programme.”

27. At the end of the 90 days, the Syrian Arab Republic had not completed any of these measures.

28. With regard to the inspections mandated by paragraph 8 of EC-94/DEC.2, the Secretariat is monitoring the current security situation and will inform the Syrian Arab Republic when it is prepared to deploy for this purpose. The conduct of these inspections will also be subject to the evolution of the COVID-19 pandemic.

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<sup>1</sup> “Second Report by the OPCW Investigation and Identification Team Pursuant to Paragraph 10 of Decision C-SS-4/DEC.3, ‘Addressing the Threat of Chemical Weapons Use’, Saraqib (Syrian Arab Republic) – 4 February 2018” (S/1943/2021, dated 12 April 2021).

### **Activities carried out by the Technical Secretariat with respect to Conference decision C-25/DEC.9**

29. In paragraph 7 of decision C-25/DEC.9, the Conference decided, after careful review, and without prejudice to the Syrian Arab Republic's obligations under the Convention, pursuant to subparagraph 21(k) of Article VIII and paragraph 2 of Article XII of the Convention, to suspend several rights and privileges of the Syrian Arab Republic under the Convention.

30. In paragraph 8 of the decision, the Conference decided, inter alia, that the rights and privileges of the Syrian Arab Republic suspended in accordance with paragraph 7 of decision C-25/DEC.9 are reinstated by the Conference once the Director-General has reported to the Council that the Syrian Arab Republic has completed all of these measures. As at the date of this report, the Syrian Arab Republic has not completed any of the measures stipulated in paragraph 5 of EC-94/DEC.2.

31. The Secretariat will continue to engage with the Syrian Arab Republic with regard to the completion of these measures and will continue to report to the Council as mandated.

32. In paragraph 12 of decision C-25/DEC.9, the Conference further decided that the Director-General shall provide a copy of this decision to all States Parties and to the United Nations Security Council and the United Nations General Assembly through the United Nations Secretary-General. Accordingly, the Secretariat made a copy of C-25/DEC.9 available to all States Parties on 21 April 2021, and on 28 April 2021 transmitted a copy of this decision to the United Nations Security Council and United Nations General Assembly through the United Nations Secretary-General.

### **Supplementary resources**

33. The Trust Fund for Syria Missions was established in November 2015 to support the FFM and other remaining activities, which presently include the work of the DAT and the IIT, as well as the biannual inspections of the SSRC and the two sites identified in paragraph 8 of EC-94/DEC.2. As at the cut-off date of this report, total contributions to this fund stood at EUR 34 million. Contribution agreements had been concluded with Australia, Canada, Chile, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Japan, Luxembourg, Monaco, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, the Republic of Korea, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, and the European Union.

### **Conclusion**

34. The future activities of the OPCW Mission in the Syrian Arab Republic will focus on the work of the FFM; the implementation of Council decisions EC-83/DEC.5 and EC-81/DEC.4, including declaration-related issues; inspections at the Barzah and Jamrayah sites of the SSRC; the implementation of Conference decision C-SS-4/DEC.3; the implementation of Council decision EC-94/DEC.2; and the implementation of Conference decision C-25/DEC.9.