



Security Council

Distr.: General
30 May 2018

Original: English

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

Note verbale dated 29 May 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Norway to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Norway to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) and has the honour to transmit herewith information on the measures taken by the Government of Norway in accordance with Security Council resolution 2397 (2017), in particular paragraph 17 thereof, in which all States were called upon to report to the Council within 90 days of the adoption of the resolution, and thereafter upon request by the Committee, on concrete measures that they had taken in order to implement the provisions of the resolution effectively.

The Government of Norway would like to inform the Committee that Norway has revised its applicable national regulations in order to implement the provisions of the above-mentioned resolution. Most of the provisions of resolution 2397 (2017) are covered by the Norwegian Regulation on Sanctions and Restrictive Measures against North Korea of 15 December 2006 and subsequent updates thereto. That national legislation includes additional restrictive measures against North Korea adopted by the European Union that Norway has chosen to implement. To that end, Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 of 30 August 2017 has been made part of the national regulation, which was updated on 9 May 2018 in the light of the above-mentioned resolution. The following changes are highlighted:

- Prohibition on the acquisition of fishing rights from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Prohibition on the import of food, agricultural products, machinery, electrical equipment, wood, vessels, earth and stone from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Prohibition on the export of industrial machinery, transportation vehicles, iron, steel and other metals
- Prohibition on the export of refined petroleum products to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Prohibition on the export of crude oil to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea



- Prohibition on providing classification services, insurance or reinsurance services to vessels identified as being involved in prohibited activities
- Obligation to deregister any vessels identified as being involved in prohibited activities

The designation of persons and entities by the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution [1718 \(2006\)](#) is automatically in force in Norway through a hyperlink to the Committee's sanctions list.

In addition to the Norwegian Regulation on Sanctions and Restrictive Measures against North Korea, some of the elements of the sanctions regime are covered by other legislation.

The arms embargoes imposed through Security Council resolutions are implemented at the national level by virtue of the Export Control Act and Export Control Regulations.

Regarding restrictions on admissions and/or travel restrictions, under Act No. 64 of 24 June 1988 concerning the entry of foreign nationals into the Kingdom of Norway and their presence in the realm (Immigration Act), the Norwegian Directorate of Immigration is instructed to prevent the entry into or transit through Norwegian territory of all persons who have been designated by the Security Council or the Committee. That legislation is also used when considering the repatriation of nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and the relevant national authorities have been informed of the additional restrictions under resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#) in that field.

The relevant authorities have been informed of their obligations in relation to the remaining measures prescribed under resolution [2397 \(2017\)](#). Please be assured that Norway will take an active approach to ensuring the effective implementation of the provisions of resolutions.
